

December 31, 2015

Statement of Financial Condition and Supplementary Information

With Report of Independent
Registered Public Accounting Firm

State Street Global Markets, LLC
(A wholly-owned subsidiary
of State Street Corporation)



STATE STREET®

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

December 31, 2015

The Board of Managers State Street Global Markets, LLC

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of State Street Global Markets, LLC (the "Company") as of December 31, 2015, and the related notes to the statement of financial condition. The statement of financial condition is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the statement of financial condition based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of financial condition is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the statement of financial condition referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of State Street Global Markets, LLC at December 31, 2015, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

The logo for Ernst & Young LLP, featuring the company name in a blue, cursive script font.

Boston, MA

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

December 31, 2015

Assets

| | |
|---|------------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 382,669,771 |
| Cash and cash equivalents segregated in compliance with federal regulations | 291,996,366 |
| Securities segregated in compliance with federal regulations | 19,909,600 |
| Deposits with clearing organizations | 53,594,838 |
| Receivable from broker-dealers and clearing organizations | 376,065,365 |
| Receivable from customers | 5,927,624 |
| Receivable from affiliates | 6,268,903 |
| Distribution fees receivable | 2,802,830 |
| Exchange memberships | 4,217,300 |
| Other intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$34,345,114 | 14,384,886 |
| Other assets | 7,449,745 |
| Total assets | \$1,165,287,228 |

Liabilities and member's equity

Liabilities

| | |
|--|----------------------|
| Payable to broker-dealers and clearing organizations | \$ 4,560,115 |
| Payable to customers | 315,281,370 |
| Payable to affiliates | 195,383,787 |
| Accrued tax liability | 1,746,947 |
| Deferred tax liability, net | 4,297,280 |
| Accrued marketing expense | 3,077,053 |
| Accrued expenses and other liabilities | 7,977,098 |
| Total liabilities | \$532,323,650 |

| | |
|--------------------------|-------------|
| Subordinated liabilities | 125,000,000 |
|--------------------------|-------------|

| | |
|--|------------------------|
| Member's equity | 507,963,578 |
| Total liabilities and member's equity | \$1,165,287,228 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the statement of financial condition.

NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

December 31, 2015

1. Organization and Description of Business

State Street Global Markets, LLC (the Company), a Delaware single-member limited liability company, is a wholly-owned subsidiary of State Street Corporation (the Parent). The Parent's liability is limited to the amount of its equity and subordinated liabilities contribution, as shown in the Statement of Financial Condition. The Company was incorporated on April 21, 1999, and its existence has been deemed perpetual.

The Company is a U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) registered clearing broker-dealer, and a Commodity Futures Trading Commission (CFTC) designated Futures Commission Merchant (FCM). The Company is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA), the National Futures Association (NFA), and the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE). The Company is engaged as a securities broker-dealer that comprises several classes of services, including principal transactions, agency transactions, exchange traded fund and mutual fund distribution, as well as the execution and clearance of exchange traded futures and options on futures contracts. The Company exited the clearing of interest rate swaps due to evolving conditions in the cleared over the counter derivative market and client demand for this service. Transition management is a service provided to asset owners that are changing managers or restructuring a portfolio. Transactions that result from transitions may be executed through the Company. Additionally, the Company has developed a trading system that enables high volume trades to be processed efficiently and effectively based on real-time market conditions. The system enables the processing of block trades, away from the exchange, at prices mutually agreed upon.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

The Statement of Financial Condition has been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP). Significant accounting policies are as follows:

Use of Estimates

The preparation of Statement of Financial Condition in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the Statement of Financial Condition and the accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Subsequent Events

Events occurring subsequent to the date of the Statement of Financial Condition were evaluated through February 26, 2016, the date the Statement of Financial Condition were made available.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents represent cash on deposit with financial institutions and highly liquid investments with original maturities of less than ninety days that are not held for sale in the ordinary course of business. These investments include demand deposits and money market securities.

Cash and Cash Equivalents Segregated in Compliance with Federal Regulations

Cash and cash equivalents segregated in compliance with federal regulations consists of cash and cash equivalents deposited in special bank accounts for the exclusive benefit of customers under Section 4d(2) of the Commodity Exchange Act as well as Regulation 30.7 of the CFTC. Funds are also invested in money market mutual funds in the IEF2 Program offered by the Chicago Mercantile Exchange (CME). Funds invested in the IEF2 Program can be used to meet performance bond requirements at the CME. Funds may also be invested in the money market fund program offered by CME approved depository banks.

Securities Segregated in Compliance with Federal Regulations

Securities segregated in compliance with federal regulations consist of U.S. Treasury bills deposited in a special reserve bank account for the exclusive benefit of customers under SEC Rule 15c3-3. These securities are carried at fair value.

Deposits with Clearing Organizations

Cash and securities are kept on deposit with various clearing organizations, and represent the minimum balance required to be maintained in order to utilize various clearing brokers. These balances are subject to withdrawal restrictions such that the Company would be prohibited from doing business with the clearing brokers if the minimum cash or security balance on deposit is not maintained.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Securities owned are recorded on a trade date basis and are reported at fair value.

Receivable from and Payable to Broker-Dealers and Clearing Organizations

Receivable from broker-dealers and clearing organizations includes amounts receivable for fails to deliver, cash deposits for securities borrowed, amounts receivable from clearing organizations, and commissions receivable from broker-dealers. The Company typically borrows securities when securities are needed to deliver against a settling transaction, such as non-standard settlements requested by a customer or a fail to deliver. Securities borrowed transactions require the Company to deposit cash or other collateral with the lender. The initial collateral advanced has a fair value equal to or greater than the fair value of the securities borrowed. The Company monitors the fair value of the securities borrowed on a regular basis, and adjusts the collateral as appropriate.

Payable to broker-dealers and clearing organizations include amounts payable for fails to receive and amounts payable to clearing organizations on open transactions.

Receivable from and Payable to Customers

Receivable from customers consists of amounts owed by customers which are collateralized by securities owned by the customer and commissions earned as well as futures margin transactions.

Payable to customers consists of amounts owed to customers pending receipt of securities and payables arising from the Company's commission recapture business as well as futures margin collected.

Other Intangible Assets

Other intangible assets represent purchased assets that can be distinguished from goodwill because of contractual rights, or because the asset is capable of being exchanged on its own or in combination with a related contract, asset, or liability.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Finite-lived identifiable intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives, which range from five to twenty years from the date of original acquisition. Identifiable intangible assets are reviewed for impairment at least annually, or more frequently when circumstances indicate impairment could exist. Impairment is deemed to exist if the balance of the identifiable intangible asset is determined not to be recoverable. Identifiable intangible assets are reflected in the Statement of Financial Condition at cost less accumulated amortization.

Exchange Memberships

Exchange memberships represent ownership interests in domestic exchanges, and provide the Company with the right to conduct business on those exchanges. These assets are recorded at cost, and are periodically evaluated for impairment that may be deemed to be other-than-temporary. Accordingly, no impairment was recognized during the period ended December 31, 2015.

Securities Transactions

Securities transactions are recorded on a trade date basis.

Income Taxes

The Company is a single-member limited liability company for federal, state, and local corporate income tax purposes and, accordingly, was not subject to federal, state, and local corporate income taxes.

The Parent allocates income tax expense to the Company as if the Company filed a separate tax return, and the Company reimburses the Parent for the expense recognized. The Company has computed its income tax provision on a separate entity basis using the liability method in accordance with relevant guidance and its intercompany tax sharing agreement.

Tax Uncertainty

In accordance with relevant accounting guidance, an entity is permitted to recognize the benefit of uncertain tax positions only where the position is "more likely than not" to be sustained in the event of examination by tax authorities based on the technical merits of the position. The maximum tax benefit recognized is limited to the amount that is greater than 50% likely to be realized upon ultimate settlement. 6

3. Income Taxes

As of December 31, 2015 the Company has a net deferred tax liability of \$4,297,280. Of the net deferred tax liability, the Company had a deferred tax liability related to other intangible assets of \$4,588,157 and a deferred tax asset of \$290,877 related to accrued expenses and investments.

Pursuant to an intercompany tax-sharing agreement with the Parent, the Company accrues state tax expense, which is also paid to or received from the Parent as part of an intercompany tax-sharing agreement.

In compliance with relevant accounting guidance, the Company has identified no uncertain tax positions as of December 31, 2015. The earliest year open to examination is 2012.

4. Other Intangible Assets

The Company completed its annual review of other intangible assets as of August 31, 2015, and determined no impairment charge was required. Subsequent to August 31, 2015, no events have occurred or circumstances have changed that would reduce the fair value of other intangible assets below its carrying value.

The following table summarizes other intangible assets as of December 31, 2015:

| | Gross Carrying Amount | Accumulated Amortization | Net Carrying Amount |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| SPDR ETF marketing rights | \$18,000,000 | \$16,636,364 | \$1,363,636 |
| Software | 11,500,000 | 9,583,350 | 1,916,650 |
| Customer lists | 19,230,000 | 8,125,400 | 11,104,600 |
| Total | \$48,730,000 | \$34,345,114 | \$14,384,886 |

5. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date.

Financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value on a recurring basis are categorized based upon a prescribed three-level valuation hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value. The three levels of inputs used to measure fair value are as follows:

Level 1 – Financial assets and liabilities whose values are based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in an active market. Examples of Level 1 financial instruments include active exchange-traded equity securities and certain U.S. government securities.

Level 2 – Financial assets and liabilities whose values are based on quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets, and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability. An example of Level 2 financial instruments includes money market mutual funds.

Level 3 – Financial assets and liabilities whose values are based on prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both unobservable in the market and significant to the overall fair value measurement. These inputs reflect management's judgment about the assumptions that a market participant would use in pricing the asset or liability, and are based on the best available information, some of which is internally developed. At December 31, 2015 there were no financial instruments classified in Level 3.

This hierarchy requires the Company to use observable market data, when available, and to minimize the use of unobservable inputs when determining fair value. The inputs or methodology used to value an investment are not necessarily an indication of the risk associated with investing in those securities.

The following table presents information about the Company's financial assets carried at fair value in the Statement of Financial Condition as of December 31, 2015:

5. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

| Assets | Quoted Market Prices in Active Markets (Level 1) | Pricing Methods with Significant Observable Market Inputs (Level 2) | Pricing Methods with Significant Unobservable Market Inputs (Level 3) | Total Net Carrying Value in Statement of Financial Condition |
|--|--|---|---|--|
| Cash equivalents | \$ - | \$343,572,678 | \$ - | \$343,572,678 |
| Cash equivalents segregated in compliance with federal regulations | - | 139,189,019 | - | 139,189,019 |
| Securities segregated in compliance with federal regulations | - | 19,909,600 | - | 19,909,600 |
| Other Assets | | | | |
| US Government | - | - | - | - |
| Equity securities | - | 10 | - | 10 |
| Total assets carried at fair value | - | \$502,671,307 | \$ - | \$502,671,307 |

5. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

There were no transfers of financial assets between levels during the period ended December 31, 2015.

The fair value of highly liquid, short term assets, including cash, securities, receivables, payables, and accrued expenses approximates their carrying value given that they are short term in nature, bear interest at current market rates, or are subject to re-pricing, generally on a daily basis.

6. Receivable from and Payable to Broker-Dealers and Clearing Organizations

At December 31, 2015, amounts receivable from and payable to broker-dealers and clearing organizations include:

Receivables

| | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|
| Clearing organizations | \$291,593,672 |
| Securities pending settlement | 10,159,546 |
| Cash collateral receivable | 61,323,230 |
| Securities borrowed | 1,086,470 |
| Securities failed to deliver | 4,728,112 |
| Marketing agent fees | 1,940,979 |
| Commissions and transaction fees | 5,233,356 |
| Total receivables | \$376,065,365 |

Payables

| | |
|------------------------------|--------------------|
| Broker-dealers | \$1,672,892 |
| Securities failed to receive | 2,887,223 |
| Total payables | \$4,560,115 |

All material fail to deliver and fail to receive transactions and securities pending settlement settled subsequent to December 31, 2015 without any adverse financial effect.

7. Receivable from and Payable to Customers

At December 31, 2015, amounts receivable from and payable to customers include:

Receivables

| | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|
| Securities pending settlement | \$5,903,626 |
| Futures margin pending settlement | 23,998 |
| Total receivables | \$5,927,624 |

Payables

| | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|
| Futures margin collected | \$300,667,411 |
| Commission sharing payables | 11,656,811 |
| Securities pending settlement | 1,541,193 |
| Commissions payable | 699,555 |
| Other customer payables | 716,400 |
| Total payables | \$315,281,370 |

All material transactions settled subsequent to December 31, 2015 without any adverse financial effect.

8. Concentration Risk

The Company provides investment and related services to a diverse group of domestic customers, including institutional investors and broker-dealers. The Company's exposure to risk associated with these transactions is measured on an individual customer or counterparty basis. To reduce the potential for risk concentration, credit limits are established and continually monitored in light of changing customer and market conditions. In the normal course of providing such services, the Company requires collateral on a basis consistent with industry practice or regulatory requirements. The type and amount of collateral are continually monitored, and counterparties are required to provide additional collateral as necessary.

A significant portion of the Company's revenues were derived from its role as marketing agent of the SPDR® Gold Trust. This revenue could be adversely affected by any number of market events, such as price volatility, new entrants into the market space, or economic conditions.

9. Risk Management

Customer Activities and Credit Risk

In the normal course of business, the Company's activities involve the execution and the settlement of customer securities transactions. These activities may expose the Company to risk in the event the customer is unable to fulfill its contractual obligation. Credit risk represents the maximum potential loss the Company faces due to the possible nonperformance by customers.

The Company's customer securities activities are transacted on a delivery versus payment basis. In delivery versus payment transactions, the Company is exposed to risk of loss in the event of the customer's or broker's inability to meet the terms of their contracts. Should the customer or broker fail to perform, the Company may be required to complete the transaction at prevailing market prices. In addition, the Company has entered into indemnification agreements with certain clearing organizations whereby the Company has agreed to compensate the clearing organizations for any damages or losses caused by a customer introduced by the Company. The Company does not extend credit to customers in the form of margin accounts and generally settles securities transactions on its customers' behalf on a delivery versus payment/receive versus payment basis.

The Company's exposure to credit risk can be directly impacted by volatile securities markets that may impair the ability of counterparties to satisfy their contractual obligations. The Company seeks to manage its credit risk through a variety of reporting and control procedures, and by applying uniform credit standards maintained for all activities with credit risk. The Company's credit exposure related to futures commission merchant activity is mitigated as all transactions are cleared through an exchange, and are collateralized by both initial and daily margin requirements that are set by the exchange. Also, the Company performs a thorough credit review of each futures customer. The Company may require customers to post additional margin dependent on the credit review and the volatility of the contracts traded.

9. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Liquidity Risk

The Company holds a significant portion of its assets in cash and short-term highly liquid money market instruments. As of December 31, 2015, total cash held was \$39 million and money market instruments were \$344 million which represents 32.8% of total assets. These assets are represented in Cash and Cash Equivalents on the Statement of Financial Condition. The Company also monitors its liquidity on a daily basis. All bank accounts and depository accounts are monitored intraday to ensure sufficient funding to comply with the securities and futures clearing regulations. Additionally, the Company has an unsecured line of \$1.25 billion with the Parent to draw down upon to provide liquidity based upon the funding need of the entity.

Market Risk

Market risk is the potential loss the Company may incur as a result of changes in the market or fair value of a particular financial instrument. All financial instruments are subject to market risk.

The Company's exposure to market risk is determined by a number of factors, including size, duration, composition, and diversification of positions held, as well as market volatility and liquidity. The Company manages market risk by setting, monitoring, and adhering to risk limits.

Exchange Member Guarantees

The Company is a member of exchanges that trade and clear futures contracts. Associated with these memberships, the Company may be required to pay a proportionate share of the financial obligations of another member who may default on its obligation to the exchange. Although the rules governing different exchange memberships vary, in general, the Company's guarantee obligations would arise only if the exchange had previously exhausted its resources. In addition, any such guarantee obligation would be apportioned among the other non-defaulting members of the exchange. Any potential contingent liability under these membership agreements cannot be estimated. The Company has not recorded any contingent liability in the Statement of Financial Condition for this agreement, and believes that any potential requirement to make payments under this agreement is remote.

9. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Other Guarantees

The Company also executes and clears commodity futures transactions for the accounts of its customers. Certain transactions are introduced to other clearing brokers. As such, the Company guaranteed to respective clearing houses or other brokers its customers' performance under these contracts. In accordance with regulatory requirements and market practice, the Company requires its customers to meet, at a minimum, the margin requirements established by each of the exchanges at which contracts are traded. Exchange traded financial instruments, such as futures and options, generally do not give rise to significant unsecured counterparty exposure. Risk arising from customer positions is managed based on margin requirements equivalent to exchange margins. Margin is a deposit from the customer that reduces risk to the Company of failure by the customer to fulfill obligations under these contracts. To minimize its exposure to risk of loss due to market variation, the Company adjusts these margin requirements as needed.

As a result of market variations, the Company may satisfy margin requirements by liquidating certain customer positions. The Company also establishes credit limits for customers and monitors credit compliance daily. Management believes that the margin deposits held at December 31, 2015 were adequate to minimize the risk of material loss that could be created by positions held at that time.

In the normal course of business, certain activities of the Company involve the execution and clearance of customer securities transactions through clearing brokers. These activities may expose the Company to off-balance-sheet risk in the event a customer is unable to fulfill its contractual obligation since, pursuant to the clearing agreement, the Company has agreed to indemnify the clearing brokers without limit for losses that the clearing brokers may sustain from the clients introduced by the Company. However, the transactions are collateralized by the underlying security, thereby reducing the associated risk to changes in the market value of the security through the settlement date. As a result of the settlement of these transactions, there were no amounts to be indemnified to clearing brokers for these customer accounts at December 31, 2015.

10. Regulatory Requirements

As a registered broker-dealer and futures commission merchant, the Company is subject to the higher of the net capital requirements of the SEC's Uniform Net Capital Rule under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Rule 15c3-1) and the CFTC's Rule 1.17 (Rule 1.17), respectively. The Company has elected to use the alternative method of computing regulatory net capital requirements provided for in Rule 15c3-1. Under the alternative method permitted by Rule 15c3-1, the Company must maintain net capital equal to the greater of 2% of aggregate customer-related debit items, as defined, or \$250,000, whichever is greater. The Company is also subject to a minimum net capital requirement of \$1,000,000 or 8% of customer and noncustomer maintenance margin requirements, whichever is greater under Rule 1.17.

At December 31, 2015, the Company's net capital was \$573,374,079 which was \$534,846,430 in excess of the minimum required net capital of \$38,527,649 under Rule 1.17.

Under clearing arrangements with its clearing brokers, the Company is required to maintain certain minimum levels of net capital to comply with other financial ratio requirements. At December 31, 2015, the Company was in compliance with all such requirements.

In accordance with the requirements of the SEC's Customer Protection: Reserves and Custody of Securities under Rule 15c3-3, the Company has segregated US Treasury bills with a fair value of \$19,909,600 in a special reserve bank account for the exclusive benefit of customers, which was in excess of its required deposit by \$9,036,759.

In accordance with the requirements of CFTC segregation under 4d(2) of the Commodity Exchange Act as well as the secured requirement under Regulation 30.7, the Company must compute its customer requirements in each of the separate categories and ensure that amounts set aside to cover these obligations. At December 31, 2015, the Company had excess segregated funds of \$124,619,914 and excess 30.7 secured funds of \$48,100,441.

Advances to affiliates, repayment of borrowings, dividend payments, distributions and other equity withdrawals are subject to certain notification and other provisions of Rule 15c3-1 and other regulatory bodies.

11. Related-Party Transactions

The Company enters into transactions in the ordinary course of business with the Parent and certain other affiliated entities, such as the Parent, which may include purchases of securities under agreements to resell, short-term financing, and deposits.

During 2015, certain illiquid securities were purchased into the Company's proprietary trading portfolio from its affiliated entity State Street Bank & Trust. As with other equity and debt securities bought and held principally for the purpose of selling them in the near term, the positions were classified as trading securities reported at fair value. The Company's deductions and haircut treatment for these securities is in accordance with SEC Rule 15c3-1. On November 11, 2015, the Company sold the securities back to its affiliate State Street Bank & Trust.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Included in cash and cash equivalents in the Statement of Financial Condition is cash of \$37,272,434 which is held on deposit at State Street Bank & Trust ("SSB&T"), and cash equivalents of \$343,572,678 which is invested in a money market mutual fund, managed by an affiliate, State Street Global Advisors Funds Management, Inc. ("SSgA FM").

Funding Arrangements

The Company meets its short-term financing needs through an uncommitted, unsecured line of credit with its Parent, which has a \$1.25 billion limit. The agreement also provides from time to time for a greater line amount as agreed upon in writing between both parties. The unsecured line of credit was established on December 2, 2013 with a stated maturity of three years. As of December 31, 2015, this facility had no outstanding balance. The unsecured line was drawn down upon sixty-eight times during the year with the largest drawdown amount of \$1.7 billion.

11. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

Subordinated Liabilities

Effective September 14, 2011, the Company extended a subordinated liability agreement with its Parent for \$75,000,000, for a term of four years with an evergreen provision. Thus, the maturity date is automatically extended an additional year, unless on or before the day thirteen months preceding the scheduled maturity date then in effect, the Parent notifies the Company in writing, with a written copy to FINRA, that such scheduled maturity date shall not be extended.

Additionally, the Company extended its \$50,000,000 subordinated liability agreement with its Parent for a term of four years, effective April 12, 2012. Each borrowing carries a rate of interest based on the three-month LIBOR rate, plus a spread. Given the floating rate nature of these liabilities, fair value approximates carrying value at December 31, 2015.

These subordinated liabilities are covered by an agreement approved by FINRA, and are therefore available in computing net capital under Rule 15c3-1. To the extent that such borrowings are required for the Company's continued compliance with minimum net capital requirements, they may not be repaid. At December 31, 2015, \$71,574 was payable to the Parent and included in payable to affiliates in the Statement of Financial Condition.

Distribution Fees

The Company is the distributor of the SPDR[®] ETFs, which are managed by SSgA FM, an affiliate of the Company. An agreement was entered into in April 2009, whereby SSgA FM has agreed to pay the Company for any and all distribution expenses incurred by the Company in connection with its distribution activities relating to SPDR[®] ETFs. At December 31, 2015, \$2,802,830 of this amount was a receivable from SSgA FM and included in distribution fees receivable in the Statement of Financial Condition.

11. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

Futures Commission Merchant Activities

The Company engages in FCM activity in connection with transactions cleared on behalf of the Parent and affiliates. The Company earns commissions from this activity.

The Company maintains omnibus accounts with its affiliate State Street Bank Gmbh London Branch ("GmbH") for FCM activity cleared on behalf of customers and affiliates. As of December 31, 2015, the Company had a receivable of \$6,081,234 from this activity included in receivable from affiliate on the Statement of Financial Condition. In addition, GmbH maintains an omnibus account with the Company for FCM activity cleared on behalf of customers. As of December 31, 2015 the Company had a payable of \$177,640,735 from this activity included in payable to affiliate on the Statement of Financial Condition.

Also, SSB&T maintains a principal account for futures clearance. As of December 31, 2015 the Company had a net receivable of \$39,653 from this activity included in receivable from affiliates in the Statement of Financial Condition. In addition, the Company accepted collateral of \$2,927,806 in the form of US Treasury securities from SSB&T related to initial margin amounts paid to the CME related to open futures contracts as of December 31, 2015.

Collateralized Short-term Financing

The Company may borrow equity securities from SSB&T to facilitate customer trading activity under security borrowing agreements on terms which permit the Company to repledge or resell the securities to others. SSB&T acts as a principal in these transactions to lend securities to the Company. At December 31, 2015, securities with a fair value of \$1,047,868 were obtained by the Company, and \$1,086,470 of cash was given to SSB&T as collateral in these securities borrowed arrangements and included in receivable from broker-dealers and clearing organizations in the Statement of Financial Condition.

11. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

Expense Allocation

The Parent and its affiliates pay all costs related to Company personnel, including coverage under the Parent's benefit plans. The Parent and its affiliates also provide clearance, legal, accounting, audit, data processing, other administrative support, rent for the use of office space, and equipment to the Company pursuant to a service agreement between the Company and certain affiliates. Under the terms of the service agreement, the Company reimburses the Parent for all services provided. At December 31, 2015, \$16,801,979 of such general and administrative costs was payable by the Company to the Parent, and included in payable to affiliate on the Statement of Financial Condition.

Structured Products

The Company has an agreement with Clipper Tax Exempt, an affiliate for being the remarketing agent for the commercial paper tax exempt program. The remarketing fee agreement is based upon the notional amount traded multiplied by an agreed upon rate. At December 31, 2015, \$148,016 was included in affiliate receivable on the Statement of Financial Condition.

Portfolio Solutions

The Company attributes a portion of its commission revenue/expense and fixed income trading profits/loss relating to its Portfolio Solutions business segment to certain affiliated entities. At December 31, 2015, the Company had payable balances with State Street Global Markets Canada Inc. for \$569,187, State Street Global Markets (Japan) for \$173,287 and State Street Global Markets International Limited for \$3,031 included in payable to affiliates on the Statement of Financial Condition.

11. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

Guarantees

The Company is currently a member of the CME for purposes of clearing exchange traded futures. On January 5, 2012 the Parent provided a guarantee to the CME on behalf of the Company to meet CME clearing member requirements. This was done to expand the products that the Company is able to clear with the CME. Under the terms of the guarantee, the Parent guarantees to CME, in an amount up to one billion dollars, the due and punctual performance of all obligations to CME arising out of accounts cleared by the Company that are non-customer accounts, including proprietary accounts as defined by CFTC Regulation 1.3(y).

An abstract geometric pattern consisting of several thin, light blue lines that intersect at three points. Each intersection point is marked with a small, hollow circle. The lines create a series of overlapping triangles and quadrilaterals across the page. The text 'Supplementary Information' is centered in the middle of the page in a teal color.

Supplementary Information

SCHEDULE I

Computation of Net Capital Pursuant to SEC Rule 15c3-1

December 31, 2015

| | |
|---|----------------------|
| Member's equity | \$507,963,578 |
| Liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors allowable in computation of net capital | 125,000,000 |
| Total capital and allowable subordinated liabilities | \$632,963,578 |

Deductions and/or charges

Non-allowable assets

| | |
|---|----------------------|
| Cash held at affiliate | \$ 14,700,000 |
| Intangible assets | 14,384,886 |
| Aged Receivables | 10,485,320 |
| Other assets | 7,886,991 |
| Deductions and/or charges | 1,645,166 |
| Net capital before haircuts on securities positions (tentative net capital) | 583,861,215 |
| Less: haircuts on securities | 10,487,136 |
| Net capital | \$573,374,079 |

Alternative net capital requirement

Greater of

| | |
|--|----------------------|
| 8% of customer and noncustomer maintenance margin requirement (\$38,527,649) or minimum dollar (\$1,000,000) | – |
| 2% of aggregate debit items (\$142,305) or minimum dollar (\$250,000) | – |
| Net capital requirement | 38,527,649 |
| Excess net capital | \$534,846,430 |

There were no material differences between the Computation of Net Capital included in this report and the corresponding schedule included in the Company's Part IIA FOCUS Filing and reconciliation as of December 31, 2015.

SCHEDULE II

Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to SEC Rule 15c3-3

December 31, 2015

Credit balances

| | |
|--|---------------------|
| Free credit balances and other credit balances in customers' security accounts | \$14,613,959 |
| Customers' securities failed to receive | 3,160,673 |
| Credit balances in firm accounts attributable to principal sales to customers | – |
| Total credit items | \$17,774,632 |

Debit balances

| | |
|--|---------------------|
| Debit balances in customers' cash and margin accounts excluding unsecured accounts and accounts doubtful of collection | \$ 5,654,157 |
| Securities borrowed to effectuate short sales by customers and securities borrowed to make delivery on customers' securities failed to deliver | 69,398 |
| Failed to deliver of customers' securities not older than 30 calendar days | 1,391,693 |
| Aggregate debit items | 7,115,248 |
| Less 3% (for alternative method only) | (213,457) |
| Total 15c3-3 debits | \$ 6,901,791 |

Reserve computation

| | |
|--|--------------|
| Required deposit | 10,872,841 |
| Amount held on deposit in reserve account at December 31, 2015 | \$19,909,600 |

There were no material differences between the Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements included in this report and the corresponding schedule included in the Company's Part IIA FOCUS Filing and reconciliation as of December 31, 2015.

SCHEDULE III

Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements Pursuant to SEC Rule 15c3-3

December 31, 2015

1. Customers' fully paid and excess margin securities not in the Company's possession or control as of the report date (for which instructions to reduce to possession or control had been issued as of the report date but for which the required action was not taken by the respondent within the time frames specified under Rule 15c3-3):

| Number of items | Market Value |
|-----------------|--------------|
| 0 | 0 |

2. Customers' fully paid securities and excess margin securities for which instructions to reduce to possession or control had not been issued as of the report date, excluding items arising from "temporary lags which result from normal business operations" as permitted under Rule 15c3-3.

| Number of items | Market Value |
|-----------------|--------------|
| 0 | 0 |

SCHEDULE IV

Statement of Segregation Requirements and Funds in Segregation for Customers Trading on U.S. Commodity Exchanges

December 31, 2015

Segregation Requirements (Section 4d(2) of the CE Act)

Net ledger balance

| | |
|---|---------------------|
| Cash | \$505,033,839 |
| Securities (at market) | 59,862 |
| Net unrealized profit (loss) in open futures contracts traded on a contract market | (34,843,261) |

Exchange traded options

| | |
|---|--------------------|
| Add market value of open option contracts purchased on a contract market | 4,707,594 |
| Deduct market value of open option contracts granted (sold) on a contract market | (1,050,472) |
| Net equity (deficit) | 473,907,562 |

| | |
|---|----------------------|
| Accounts liquidating to a deficit and accounts with debit balances | 23,998 |
| Less: amount offset by customer owned securities | (23,998) |
| Amount required to be segregated | \$473,907,562 |

Funds in Segregated Accounts

Net ledger balance

| | |
|---|---------------|
| Cash | \$110,694,829 |
| Securities representing investments of customers' funds (at market) | - |
| Securities held for particular customers or option customers in lieu of cash (at market) | - |

Margins on deposit with derivatives clearing organizations of contract markets

| | |
|---|---------------------|
| Cash | 310,905,010 |
| Securities representing investments of customers' funds (at market) | 131,188,761 |
| Securities held for particular customers or option customers in lieu of cash (at market) | 59,862 |
| Net settlement from (to) derivatives clearing organizations of contract markets | (19,301,338) |

SCHEDULE IV (CONTINUED)

Exchange traded options

| | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|
| Value of open long option contracts | 4,707,594 |
| Value of open short option contracts | (1,050,472) |

Net equities with other FCMs

| | |
|--|----------------------|
| Net liquidating equity | 61,323,230 |
| Securities representing investments of customers' funds (at market) | - |
| Securities held for particular customers or option customers in lieu of cash (at market) | 0 |
| Total amount in segregation | 598,527,476 |
| Excess (deficiency) funds in segregation | \$124,619,914 |

There were no material differences between the Statement of Segregation Requirements included in this report and the corresponding schedule included in the Company's Part IIA FOCUS Filing and reconciliation as of December 31, 2015.

SCHEDULE V

Statement of Secured Amounts and Funds Held in Separate Accounts for Foreign Futures and Foreign Options Customers Pursuant to CFTC Regulation 30.7

December 31, 2015

Foreign Futures and Foreign Options Secured Amounts

Net ledger balance

| | |
|---|--------------------|
| Cash | \$7,484,012 |
| Securities | – |
| Net unrealized profit (loss) in open futures contracts traded on foreign board of trade | 609,558 |
| Net Equity (deficit) | \$8,093,570 |
| Accounts liquidating to a deficit and accounts with debit balances | – |
| Less: amount offset by customer owned securities | – |
| Amount required to be segregated | \$8,093,570 |

Funds Deposited in Separate Regulation 30.7 Accounts

Cash in banks

| | |
|---|--------------|
| Banks located in the United States | \$42,112,518 |
| Securities | 8,000,259 |
| Equities with registered futures commission merchants | – |
| Amounts held by clearing organizations of foreign boards of trade | – |


Amounts held by members of foreign boards of trade

| | |
|---|------------------|
| Cash | \$ 5,471,676 |
| Securities | – |
| Unrealized gain/(loss) on open futures contracts | 609,558 |
| Value of long option contracts | – |
| Value of short option contracts | – |
| Total amounts held by members of foreign boards of trade | 6,081,234 |

| | |
|---|------------|
| Total funds in separate section 30.7 accounts | 56,194,011 |
|---|------------|

| | |
|---|---------------------|
| Excess (deficiency) of funds in separate section 30.7 accounts | \$48,100,441 |
|---|---------------------|

There were no material differences between the Statement of Secured Requirements included in this report and the corresponding schedule included in the Company's Part IIA FOCUS Filing and reconciliation as of December 31, 2015.



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The Statement of Financial Condition filed pursuant to Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission is available for inspection at the principal office of the Company and at the Boston Regional Office of the Commission.